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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/989,677	11/20/2001	Kevin Dowling	C01104/70095	9718	
37462	7590 07/27/2004		EXAM	INER	
LOWRIE, LANDO & ANASTASI RIVERFRONT OFFICE ONE MAIN STREET, ELEVENTH FLOOR			PHILOGENE, HAISSA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CAMBRIDGE	, MA 02142		2821		
			DATE MAILED: 07/27/200	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/989,677		DOWLING ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	-	Art Unit				
		Haissa Philo	-	2821				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the co	ver sheet with the	correspondence address	-			
THE - Extended - If th - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the provision of th	N. 1.136(a). In no event, eply within the statutory od will apply and will ex tute, cause the applicat	however, may a reply be ting minimum of thirty (30) day pire SIX (6) MONTHS from ion to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	April 2004.						
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	his action is non-	final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for	formal matters, pr	osecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex par</i> te Quayi	e, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposi	tion of Claims	•						
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-14,18-20,34-47 and 51-53</u> is/are 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdom Claim(s) <u>6-14,18-20,39-47 and 51-53</u> is/are Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 34-37</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>5 and 38</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from considallowed.	deration.					
Applicat	tion Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner						
•	b) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. D) The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 March 2003</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required i	f the drawing(s) is of	ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note	the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been rents have been rents documents	eceived. eceived in Applicat s have been receiv 7.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachmei	nt(s)							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)	Interview Summary					
3) 🔯 Infoi	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 er No(s)/Mail Date	,	Paper No(s)/Mail D Notice of Informal I Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claim 1 is provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 1 of copending Application No. 09/989,747. This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 34 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of

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copending Application No. 09/989,747. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both sets of claims disclose the same subject matter. However, one is an apparatus and the other is method of using the apparatus. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ one or the other based on inherency in order to achieve the same result.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 2-4 and 35-37 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 09/989,747 in view of Barfod, Patent No. 5,539,393.

As per claims 2 and 35, claim 1 of application '747 fails to recite that the information signal is generated from at least one of a database, world wide web, network information, software program, and information transmission. However, this feature is well-known in the art as evidenced by Barfod which discloses in Fig.1 an information system comprising an information transmission unit (30, 40) generating information signal. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the information transmission as taught by Barfod into the claim 1 of application '747 type system, because it would allow transmission of graphic, numeric or other information fields, thereby improving the efficacy of the system.

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As per claims 3 and 36, Barfod further discloses the information signal comprising at least financial information (unit price on the information unit, see abstract).

As per claims 4 and 37, claim 1 of application '747 fails to recite that the processor is at least one of a controller, addressable controller, microprocessor, microcontroller, addressable microprocessor, computer, programmable processor, programmable controller, dedicated processor, dedicated controller, and laptop computer. However, this feature is well-known in the art as evidenced by Barfod which discloses in Fig.6 a processor 55 being a microprocessor or programmable processor (see Col.10, lines 29-30 and 36). It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the processor as taught by Barfod into the claim 1 of application '747 type system, because it would allow a function of alternating or cycling between various sets of display information, thereby improving the efficacy of the system.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 5 and 38 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 6-14, 18-20, 39-47 and 51-53 are allowed.

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Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lys et al., Patent No. 6,717,376; Dowling et al., Publication No. 2002/0048169.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Haissa Philogene whose telephone number is (571) 272-1827. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 A.M.-6:00 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Don Wong can be reached on (571)272-1834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Haissa Philogene

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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